

GP-1000SS,AS

Direct type

Pilot type

Piston

Diaphragm

Bellows

Internal sensing

External sensing

Stainless steel

With handle

Built-in strainer

Low pressure

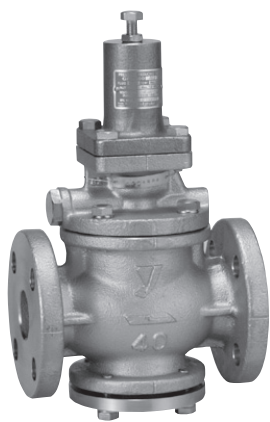
Remote

Valve leakage 0

Nylon

■Features

- 1. Improved corrosion resistance with stainless steel wetted parts (GP-1000SS) or all stainless steel construction (GP-1000AS).
- 2. Spherical main valve offers great sealability and great reduction of valve seat leakage (compliant with ANSI Class IV).
- 3. Compliant with SHASE-S106 Pressure Reducing Valves (by the Society of Heating, Air-Conditioning and Sanitary Engineers of Japan).



GP-1000AS

■Specifications

Stainless steel wetted parts

All stainless steel

Model	GP-1000SS	GP1000AS
Application	Steam	
Inlet pressure	0.1-1.0 MPa	
Reduced pressure	0.05-0.9 MPa	
	90% or less of inlet pressure (gauge pressure)	
Minimum differential pressure	0.05 MPa	
Maximum pressure reduction ratio	20:1	
Maximum temperature	220°C	
Valve seat leakage	0.01% or less of rated flow	
Material	Body	Cast stainless steel
	Valve, valve seat	Stainless steel
	Piston, cylinder	Stainless steel
Connection	JIS 10K FF flanged	

Description of GP-1000 Series model code

GP-1000

Material, S: trim parts made of stainless steel, SS: wetted parts made of stainless steel, AS: all stainless steel

0: standard, 1: equipped with a handle, 2: for low pressure

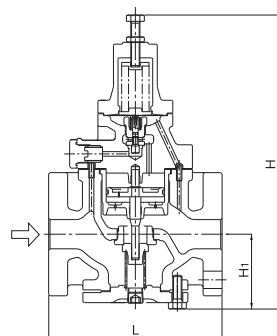
0: flanged, 1: screwed

0: standard, 2: air loading type

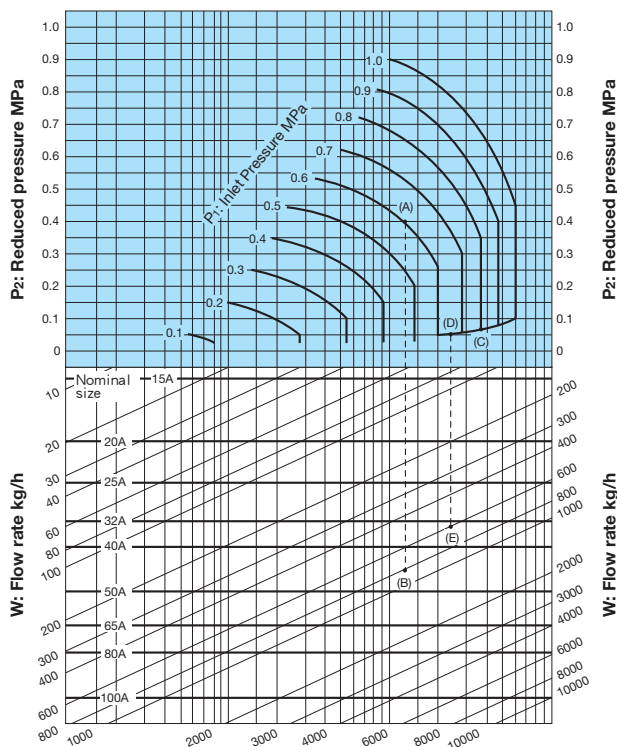
GP-1000SS · 1000AS

Nominal size	L	H ₁	H	Weight
15A	150	67	288(298)	8.3(8.5)
20A	155	67	288(298)	8.8(9.0)
25A	160	70	303(313)	10.5(10.7)
32A	190	85	326(336)	14.8(15.0)
40A	190	85	326(336)	15.3(15.5)
50A	220	96	350(360)	20.8(21.0)
65A	245	103	360(370)	27.4(27.6)
80A	290	125	407(417)	38.8(39.0)
100A	330	148	454(464)	54.5(54.7)

* The values in parentheses are the dimensions and weights of the GP-1000AS.



Nominal Sizes Selection Chart (For Steam)



[Example 1]

When selecting the nominal size of a pressure reducing valve whose inlet pressure (P_1), reduced pressure (P_2), and steam flow rate are 0.6 MPa, 0.4 MPa, and 800 kg/h, respectively, first find intersection point (A) of the inlet pressure of 0.6 MPa and the reduced pressure of 0.4 MPa.

Trace down vertically from this intersection point to find intersection point (B) with the flow rate of 800 kg/h. Since intersection point (B) lies between nominal sizes 40A and 50A, select the larger one, 50A.

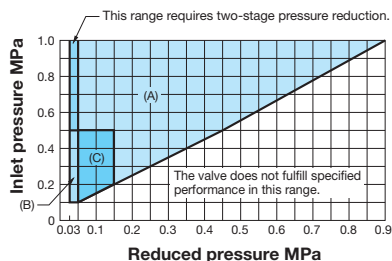
[Example 2]

When selecting the nominal size of a pressure reducing valve whose inlet pressure (P_1), reduced pressure (P_2), and steam flow rate are 0.8 MPa, 0.05 MPa, and 600 kg/h, respectively, first find intersection point (C) of the inlet pressure of 0.8 MPa and the diagonal line. Trace down to the left from this intersection point to find intersection point (D) with the reduced pressure of 0.05 MPa.

Trace down vertically from intersection point (D) to find intersection point (E) with the flow rate of 600 kg/h. Since intersection point (E) lies between nominal sizes 32A and 40A, select the larger one, 40A.

· Set the safety factor at 80 to 90%.

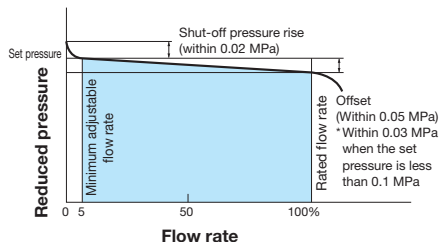
Specifications Selection Chart



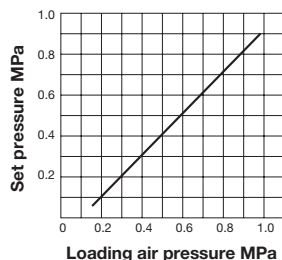
Find the intersection point of the inlet and reduced pressures. If the intersection point is within any of the ranges shown in the chart above, the pressures are controllable.

- Range (A) and (C): GP-1000 Series except GP-1002 and 1012
- Range (B) and (C): GP-1002 and 1012

Specifications Selection Chart



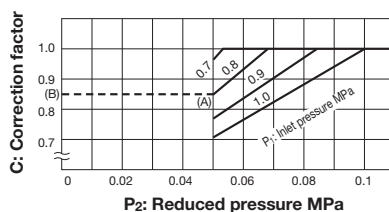
Loading Air Pressure-set Pressure Chart



Basically, the set pressure to the loading air pressure is as shown on the left.

The set pressure is slightly different depending on the conditions. For the actual use, adjust the loading air pressure suitable for necessary set pressure.

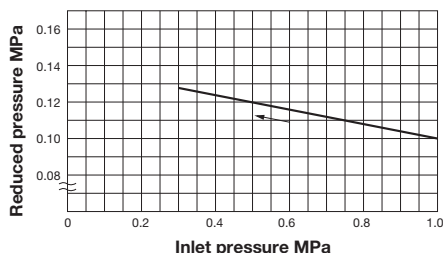
Corrected Cv value



Example

Take a pressure reducing valve whose inlet pressure is 0.8 MPa, the reduced pressure is 0.05 MPa. Find the inlet and reduced pressure intersection point (A) at the above chart, then draw a horizontal line in the leftward direction to point (B) which indicates a correction coefficient of 0.85. For a nominal size of 25A, the corrected Cv value would be calculated as follows:
4 (rated Cv value) 0.85 (correction coefficient) = 3.4

Pressure Characteristic Chart



This chart shows variation in reduced pressure when the inlet pressure of 1.0 MPa is changed between 0.3 MPa and 1.0 MPa while the reduced pressure is set at 0.1 MPa.

- Set pressure of safety valve for alarm use at the outlet side of the pressure reducing valve for steam

Set pressure of pressure reducing valve (MPa)	Set pressure of safety valve (MPa)
0.1 or less	Set pressure of the pressure reducing valve + 0.05 or more
0.11-0.4	Set pressure of the pressure reducing valve + 0.08 or more
0.41-0.6	Set pressure of the pressure reducing valve + 0.1 or more
0.61-0.8	Set pressure of the pressure reducing valve + 0.12 or more
More than 0.8	Set pressure of the pressure reducing valve + 15%

- When a safety valve is installed for alarm use at the outlet side of a pressure reducing valve for steam and there are no laws or regulations specified to comply with, select a safety valve whose blowout capacity is around 10% of the maximum flow rate of the pressure reducing valve.

■GP-1000 Flow Rate Table

(kg/h)

P ₁ (MPa)	P ₂ (MPa)	15A	20A	25A	32A	40A	50A	65A	80A	100A
1	0.05	92	212	369	600	831	1,478	2,310	3,326	5,913
	0.1-0.4	132	303	528	858	1,188	2,112	3,300	4,752	8,448
	0.5	127	292	508	826	1,145	2,035	3,180	4,580	8,142
	0.6	117	269	468	761	1,053	1,873	2,927	4,215	7,494
	0.7	104	239	416	677	937	1,667	2,604	3,750	6,668
	0.8	87	200	349	566	785	1,396	2,181	3,142	5,585
	0.9	63	145	252	411	569	1,011	1,580	2,276	4,047
0.9	0.1-0.4	120	276	480	780	1,080	1,920	3,000	4,320	7,680
	0.5	110	253	441	717	993	1,766	2,760	3,974	7,065
	0.6	98	226	394	640	886	1,576	2,463	3,547	6,307
	0.7	82	190	331	538	745	1,324	2,070	2,980	5,299
	0.8	60	138	240	390	541	962	1,503	2,165	3,849
0.8	0.1-0.3	108	248	432	702	972	1,728	2,700	3,888	6,912
	0.4	103	237	413	671	929	1,652	2,581	3,717	6,600
	0.5	92	212	370	601	833	1,481	2,314	3,332	5,915
	0.6	78	179	312	507	702	1,249	1,951	2,810	4,996
	0.7	56	130	227	369	512	910	1,422	2,048	3,641
0.7	0.1-0.3	96	220	384	624	864	1,536	2,400	3,456	6,144
	0.4	86	198	344	560	775	1,378	2,154	3,102	5,515
	0.5	73	167	292	474	657	1,168	1,825	2,628	4,673
	0.6	53	122	213	347	481	855	1,336	1,924	3,420
0.6	0.1-0.2	84	193	336	546	756	1,344	2,100	3,024	5,376
	0.3	79	182	317	515	713	1,268	1,981	2,853	5,073
	0.4	67	155	270	439	608	1,080	1,690	2,433	4,326
	0.5	49	114	199	323	447	796	1,243	1,791	3,184
0.5	0.1-0.2	72	165	288	468	648	1,152	1,800	2,592	4,608
	0.3	61	141	246	401	555	987	1,542	2,221	3,949
	0.4	45	105	183	297	411	732	1,144	1,647	2,929
0.4	0.1	60	138	240	390	540	960	1,500	2,160	3,840
	0.2	55	126	220	358	496	883	1,380	1,987	3,532
	0.3	41	95	165	269	372	662	1,035	1,490	2,649
0.3	0.1	48	110	192	312	432	768	1,200	1,728	3,072
	0.2	36	83	146	237	328	584	912	1,314	2,336
0.2	0.1	30	70	123	200	277	493	771	1,110	1,974
0.1	0.05	18	41	72	118	164	292	456	657	1,168

* When the inlet pressure is more than 0.7 MPa and the pressure reduction ratio is more than 10:1, calculate the corrected Cv value multiplying the rated Cv value by the correction factor C obtained from Fig.1.